

Statistical Bulletin:

MANUFACTURING OUTPUT, EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES/SALARIES 1996-2002





STATISTICS DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF TONGA NUKU'ALOFA TONGA

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Notes and abbreviation

Rounding

The sums of individual industries may not always come exactly to the totals shown, because of the effects of rounding. Discrepancies of 1 or 2 in the final digit should give no cause for concern.

ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification

Main results

The quarterly survey of manufacturing output, employment and wages/salaries for year 1996-2002 is carried out by the Statistics Department of Tonga at the end of every quarter. The survey collects information on production, employment and wages/salaries, which include memorandum items. The survey covers all manufacturing establishments regardless of size; level of production or number of persons engaged. Due to funding constraints and the distance from the main island, the Niuas were excluded from the survey.

Table 1: Summary of the survey results for year 1996-2002:

Item	Unit	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1. Establishments covered	No.	116	117	115	115	115	115	122
2. Total production	T\$('000)	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371
3. Persons employed	No.	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219
4. Wages and salaries	T\$('000)	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

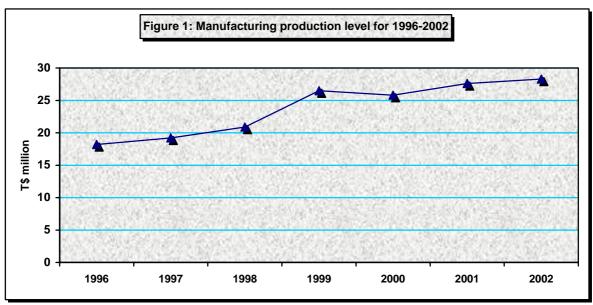
Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Manufacturing production

In Tonga, total manufacturing production in 2002 stood at 28 million pa'anga, increasing by 3 percent compared with 2001. This increase was mainly the result of growth in production of chemicals and chemical products, which increased by 56 percent. There were also smaller percentage increases in non-metallic mineral products (8 percent), fabricated metal products (2 percent) and other manufacturing industries (3 percent).

Figure 1 below shows that total production has increased tremendously, from 18 million pa'anga in 1996 to more than 28 million in 2002. There was an increase in production of all major industries like; production of food products and beverages increased by 49 percent, publishing and printing by 8 percent, chemicals and chemical products by 27 percent, non-metallic mineral products by 445 percent, fabricated metal products by 83 percent and other manufacturing industries by 33 percent.

The trend in the level of total production is shown in figure 1 below.



Some of the increase in production was due to the opening of new establishments. This was particularly the case with food products and beverages and with chemicals and chemical industries. In 2002, food products and beverages industries contributed more than 14 million pa'anga (50% of the total), followed by chemicals and chemical products with 5 million (18%), non-metallic mineral products with 3 million (11%), fabricated metal products with 2 million (7%) and publishing and printing with the remaining 1 million (3%). Other manufacturing industries contributed around 3 million (11%). Table 2 below shows some more detailed information on production by ISIC division.

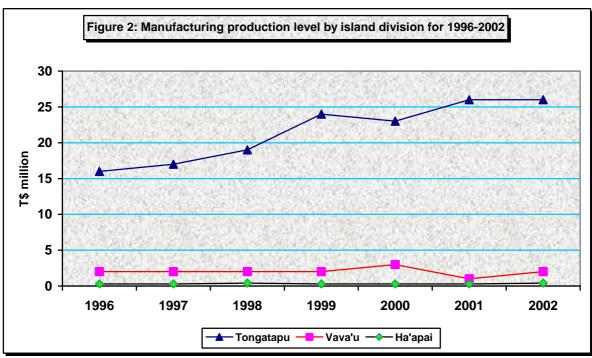
Table 2: Manufacturing production by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							,,,,,,
ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	9,819	10,640	11,325	14,886	14,239	15,795	14,593
22 Publishing and printing	1,054	1,106	1,139	1,166	1,260	1,269	1,141
24 Chemicals and chemical products	3,640	4,187	4,733	5,406	4,263	2,949	4,616
26 Non-metallic mineral products	635	748	1,185	1,702	2,536	3,190	3,462
28 Fabricated metal products	918	471	751	1,505	1,459	1,640	1,682
37 Other manufacturing industries	2,167	2,075	1,858	1,896	2,070	2,787	2,877
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 17,18,19,20,29,30,31,35 and 36

Figure 2 shows that almost all the increase in production is accounted for by Tongatapu. Production in Tongatapu went up from 16 million pa'anga in 1996 to 26 million pa'anga in 2002.



In Tongatapu, there was an improvements on production of major industries like; food products and beverages with an increase of 61 percent, chemicals and chemical products with 27 percent, non-metallic mineral products by 512 percent, fabricated metal products with 83 percent and other manufacturing industries by 33 percent plus, new establishments with significant contribution were adding on.

Production in Vava'u seems to be smooth out from 1996 to year 1999 with a little up and down between 1999 and year 2002 because of changes mainly in production of food products and beverages, non-metallic mineral products and other manufacturing industries.

Production for both Ha'apai and 'Eua level out from 1996 except with a slight improvement in year 2002. Table 3 below shows the share of island division on manufacturing production.

Table 3: Manufacturing production by Island division for 1996-2002

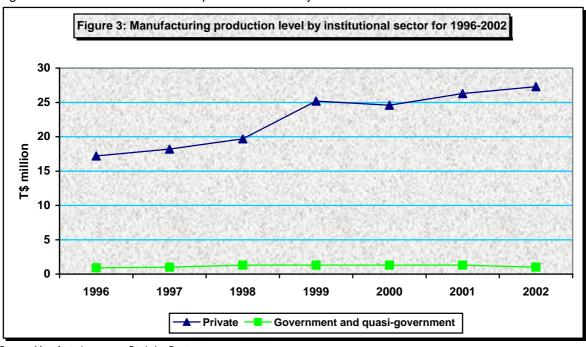
T\$('000)

							7(000)
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	16,065	17,049	18,885	24,386	22,749	26,136	26,104
2 Vava'u	1,902	1,901	1,729	1,857	2,776	1,226	1,841
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	265	277	377	319	302	268	425
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

In terms of institutional sector, the private sector showed an increase of 4 percent from 26 million in 2001 to 27 million pa'anga in 2002. This was a result of increased in production of chemicals and chemical products by 56 percent, non-metallic mineral products (13 percent), fabricated metal products (2 percent) and other manufacturing industries (6 percent).

Figure 3 below shows the trend of production level by institutional sector.



It is clear that the private sector dominates in terms of manufacturing production by more than 27 million pa'anga (96%) in 2002, while only about 1 million (4%) was contributed by the government and quasi-government sector. Table 4 below shows the contribution of the institutional sectors to manufacturing production.

Table 4: Manufacturing production by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

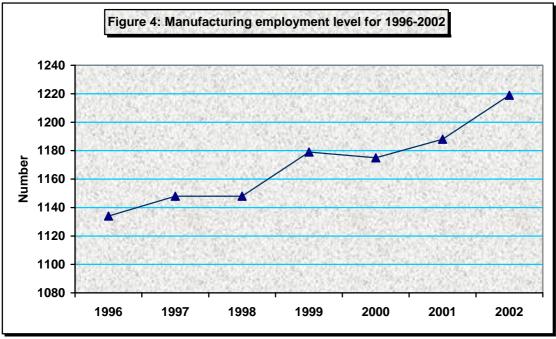
T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	17,263	18,199	19,725	25,237	24,567	26,342	27,328
2&3 Government and quasi-government	970	1,028	1,265	1,325	1,260	1,289	1,043
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Manufacturing employment

There was a total of 1,220 persons engaged in the manufacturing sector in 2002, representing a 2 percent increase from the 1,190 employed in 2001. The number employed increased by 1 percent on food products and beverages, 8 percent for manufacture of furniture and 10 percent for other manufacturing industries. Figure 4 below shows the trend of manufacturing employment between the years 1996 and 2002.



Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 5 below shows that the number of employment in manufacturing has increased from 1,134 in 1996 to 1,219 in 2002. Over the six years period 1996-2002, the number of employment grew by 10 percent in the food products and beverages, 8 percent for wood and wood products, 49 percent for non-metallic mineral products, 12 percent for manufacture of furniture and 4 percent on other manufacturing industries.

Out of every 100 persons employed in manufacturing in 2002, 54 are employed in the manufacturing of food products and beverages, 9 in publishing and printing, 7 in manufacturing of furniture, 6 with wood and wood products, 5 with non-metallic mineral products and 19 with other manufacturing industries.

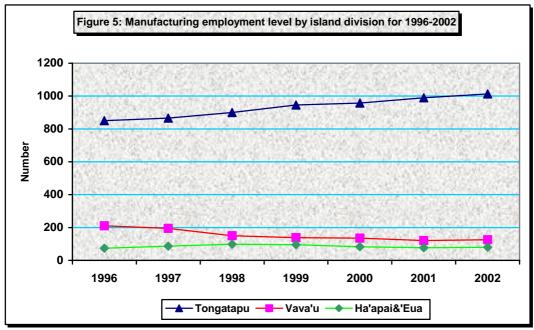
Table 5: Manufacturing employment by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Number

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	604	611	627	623	595	656	665
20 Wood and products of wood	71	84	76	77	84	80	77
22 Publishing and printing	133	111	119	116	114	109	109
26 Non-metallic mineral products	47	54	74	72	76	71	70
36 Manufacture of furniture	80	94	87	86	87	83	90
37 Other manufacturing industries	199	194	165	205	219	189	208
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 17,18,19,24,28,29,30,31 and 35

Between 1996 and 2002, employment in manufacturing in Tongatapu increased by almost 20 percent. In contrast, manufacturing employment levels in Ha'apai and 'Eua (taken together) remained fairly constant, while there was a 40 percent drop of employment in Vava'u



Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

By island division, as shown in table 6 below, Tongatapu had 1,013 (83%) people employed in manufacturing in 2002 while Vava'u had 126 (11%) and Ha'apai and 'Eua between them had 80 (6%). Table 6 below shows more information on employment level by island division.

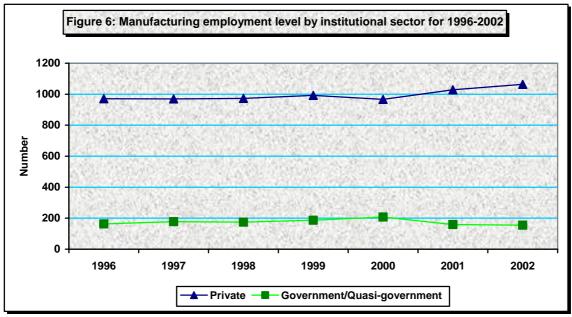
Table 6: Manufacturing employment by Island division for 1996-2002

Number

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	850	866	900	946	957	990	1,013
2 Vava'u	210	195	150	138	135	121	126
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	74	87	98	95	83	77	80
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Employment in the private sector has increased by 3 percent, from 1,029 in 2001 to 1,064 in 2002. In particular, there were increases in the number employed in publishing and printing, and in the manufacturing of furniture. The number employed in manufacturing in the government and quasi-government sector remained around 200 between 1996 and 2002.



Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

In percentage terms, the private sector looks more steady then the government sector.

Table 7: Manufacturing employment by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Number

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	971	970	973	992	967	1,029	1,064
2&3 Government and quasi-government	163	178	175	187	208	159	155
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Manufacturing wages/salaries

Total manufacturing wages and salaries increased by 0.8 percent between 2001 and year 2002, with an increase of 2 percent on wages of food products and beverages, 19 percent on wood and products of wood, 1 percent on publishing and printing and 5 percent on other manufacturing industries.

As shown in figure 7 below, total wages and salaries have gradually increased from 3.4 million pa'anga in 1996 to 4.6 million in 2002. Over the six-year period, total wages/salaries increased by 28 percent for the food products and beverages industry, 30 percent for wood and products of wood, 45 percent for publishing and printing, 221 percent for non-metallic mineral products, 62 percent for manufacture of furniture and 11 percent for other manufacturing industries.

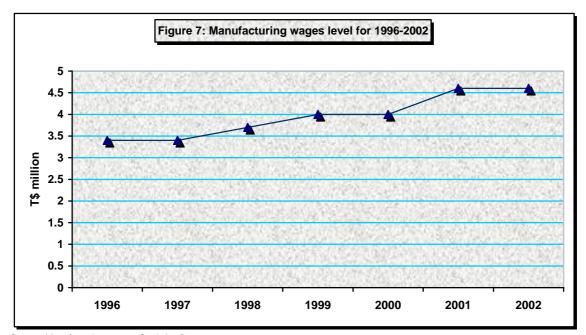


Figure 7 below shows the total manufacturing wages and salaries between the years 1996 to 2002.

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

In 2002, the food products and beverages industry placed at around 2.3 million pa'anga, accounted for almost half of total wages and salaries, followed by publishing and printing with 0.6 million pa'anga (14%), manufacture of furniture with 0.4 million pa'anga (9%).

Table 8: Manufacturing wages and salaries by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							14(000)
ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	1,797	1,718	1,849	1,996	1,682	2,238	2,296
20 Wood and products of wood	210	208	243	288	279	230	274
22 Publishing and printing	447	496	504	540	609	642	648
26 Non-metallic mineral products	105	124	215	297	381	342	337
36 Manufacture of furniture	240	261	301	272	414	490	390
37 Other manufacturing industries	626	643	560	630	666	662	697
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 include 17,18,19,24,28,29,30,31 and 35

In year 2002, about 4.2 million pa'anga (91%) of the total manufacturing wages and salaries were earned by those employed in Tongatapu, the main island, followed by Vava'u with around 0.3 million (7%) and only 0.1 million (2%) combined for Ha'apai and 'Eua.

Figure 8: Manufacturing wages level by island division for 1996-2002 4.5 3.5 3 T\$ million 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 0 1996 1997 1999 2000 2001 2002 1998 - Tongatapu Vava'u Ha'apai&'Eua

Figure 8 below shows the trend of manufacturing wages/salaries by island division for 1996-2002.

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Shown on the graph below, wages and salaries of private sector has slowly increased from 3 million in 1996 to 4 million in 2001 and year 2002 respectively.

Table 9: Manufacturing wages and salaries by Island division for 1996-2002

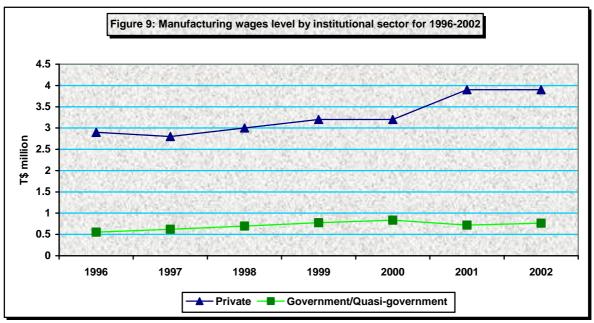
T\$('000)

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	2,915	2,989	3,262	3,569	3,616	4,253	4,225
2 Vava'u	379	320	292	316	283	257	295
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	131	141	119	137	133	95	121
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

This increased again caused by improvements of wages on food products and beverages by 28 percent, publishing and printing 42 percent, non-metallic mineral products 244 percent, manufacture of furniture 64 percent and other manufacturing industries 11 percent.

Total wages and salaries paid by the government and quasi-government sector moved from 0.6 million pa'anga in 1996 to 0.8 million in 2002.



Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

In 2002, manufacturing employees in the private sector received about 4 million pa'anga (80%) in wages and salaries, while those in the government and quasi-government sector received nearly 1 million pa'anga (20%).

Table 10: Manufacturing wages and salaries by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	2,872	2,828	2,978	3,249	3,196	3,886	3,879
2&3 Government and quasi-government	553	622	695	774	835	719	763
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

1. Introduction

Survey objective

- 1.1 This report presents the results of the quarterly survey of manufacturing production, employment and wages/salaries, conducted by the Statistics Department of Tonga over the period 1996-2002. The main objectives of the survey are:
 - > To provide updated information on levels of production, employment and wages/salaries;
 - > To provide some data for the components of National accounts; and
 - > To provide information on the performance of manufacturing industries for planners, policy makers and the general public.

Coverage

- **1.2** The Statistics Department launched a regular quarterly survey of manufacturing production, employment and wages and salaries effective from July-September 1983. The survey covered all manufacturing establishments and units, including:
 - (i) Those registered under the Companies Act 1912,
 - (ii) Those granted Development License for manufacturing under the Industrial Incentives Act 1978 and
 - (iii) Those engaged in manufacturing activities with a license issued by the Ministry of Labour, Commerce and Industries.
- 1.3 The survey did not cover enterprises, establishments and units that were engaged in (a) repair and maintenance of vehicles, machinery and equipment; (b) canning, preserving and processing of fish and fisheries products; and (c) household type of activities related to making handicrafts and the like.
- 1.4 An establishment was treated as manufacturing if it was engaged in the transformation (mechanical or chemical) of substances into new products whether by machines or by hand in a factory or other business premises. An establishment/unit engaged in the assembly of component parts of manufactured products was treated as engaged in manufacturing except where it undertook construction activity.
- **1.5** The definitions used for manufacturing businesses for the survey in question were:

Establishment: a separate operating unit (factory, store, workshop or other place, etc.) engaged in Tonga in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity at a single physical location.

Enterprises: a single business entity, Private, Government, Quasi-government, Co-operative and sole ownership, engaged in manufacturing type of activities is treated as an enterprise. There are generally two types of enterprises viz.:

- i. "Single Establishment Enterprise" consisting of only one establishment and
- **ii.** "Multiple Establishments Enterprise" consisting of more than one establishment with or without ancillary unit or one establishment plus one or more ancillary units.

Data collection

1.6 Information was collected by personal visits of the survey staff of the Statistics Department to the manufacturing enterprises, establishments and units that were operational in the various quarters starting July-September 1983 and subsequent to the last quarter (October-December) of 2002. This covers establishments on the four main island divisions of Tonga namely Tongatapu, Vava'u, Ha'apai and 'Eua. This ninth Bulletin on manufacturing output, employment and wages and salaries contains data for calendar years 1996-2002.

Response rate

1.7 There is no non-response rate as one of the reason for delaying the published of the survey result by trying to get all the returns before processing the results.

Data processing

- **1.8** All data entry, editing checks and queries were done using the Access software package. Preparation of the final tables was done using Excel facility.
- 1.9 Manufacturing establishments have been classified into Divisions according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC) Series M No. 4, Rev.3 for Major Divisions 15-37. The following ISIC divisions have been used.

The following ISIC Divisions have been used:

- 15. Manufactured of food products and beverages (bread, sausages, soft drinks and ice-cream etc.)
- **17.** Manufacture of textiles (t-shirt, pullovers and quilts etc.)
- 18. Manufacture of wearing apparel; dressing and drying of fur (dress, trousers, lavalava etc.)
- **19.** Tanning and dressing of leather; manufacture of luggage, handbags, saddlery, harness and footwear
- **20.** Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials
- 22. Publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media
- 24. Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products (tablets, paint and varnish etc.)
- **26.** Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products (concrete blocks and water tanks etc.)
- 28. Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
- 29. Manufacture of electrical machinery and apparatus
- 30. Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus
- 31. Manufacture of medical, precision and optical instruments, watches and clocks
- **35.** Manufacture of other transport equipment (boat, cart, bicycle etc.)
- 36. Manufacture of furniture
- 37. Recycling and other manufacture industries n.e.c.

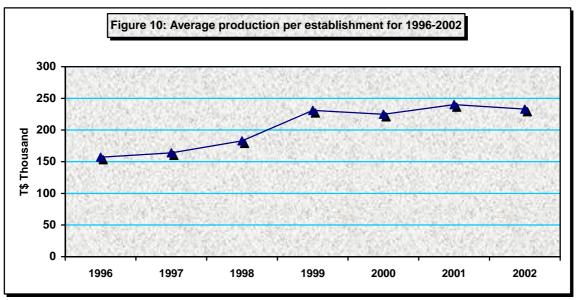
2. Complementary analysis

2.1 Production level

Average production per establishment

The average annual production per establishment for the whole of Tonga has decreased by 4 percent from 240 thousand in 2001 to 230 thousand pa'anga in 2002. This involved food products and beverages decreased by 19 percent, publishing and printing by 10 percent and those in other manufacturing industries by 5 percent.

Figure 10 below shows the average annual production per establishment went up from 160 thousand pa'anga in 1996 to 230 thousand in 2002. In terms of current value, average production has generally been increasing over the six-year period, with the exception of the chemicals and chemical products industries where production levels have tended to decline.



Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

By looking at industry level in year 2002, some industries produced far more than national average production per establishment level. This led by chemicals and chemical products with 1.2 million pa'anga, followed by non-metallic mineral products with 500 thousand, publishing and printing with a production rate of 380 thousand and food products and beverages together with fabricated metal products produced an average of 250 and 240 thousand pa'anga respectively. Finally, other manufacturing industries production rate was 380 thousand.

More detailed information on average production per establishment is given in Table 3.7, 3.8 and 3.9 of this report.

Table 2.1a: Average production per establishment by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	200	222	231	298	285	310	247
22 Publishing and printing	263	369	380	389	420	423	380
24 Chemicals and chemical products	1,820	1396	1578	1352	853	737	1,154
26 Non-metallic mineral products	91	107	169	243	317	456	495
28 Fabricated metal products	102	52	94	188	208	234	240
37 Other manufacturing industries	352	323	370	356	362	396	351
Total	157	164	163	231	225	240	233

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 include 17,18,19,20,29,30,31,35 and 36

In terms of annual production by island division, Tongatapu produced above the national average per establishment, with an average of 320 thousand pa'anga per establishment, Vava'u followed with 60 thousand and Ha'apai and 'Eua combined had an average production of 40 thousand pa'anga.

Table 2.1b: Average production per establishment by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	191	201	222	294	277	319	318
2 Vava'u	76	86	86	88	121	56	63
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	38	28	38	29	30	24	39
Total	157	164	183	231	225	240	233

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

In terms of institutional sector, average annual production during the period 1996-2002 was consistently higher for manufacturing establishments in the private sector then it was for those in the government and quasi-government sector.

Table 2.1c: Average production per establishment by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	160	167	183	234	227	242	236
2&3 Government and quasi-government	121	128	181	189	180	215	174
Total	157	164	183	231	225	240	233

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

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Average production per production worker

The value of average production per production worker increased from 20 thousand in 1996 to 30 thousand pa'anga in year 1998 and level out to year 2002. By industry level, some industries produced more than the national average production led by chemicals and chemical products with an average of 180 thousand pa'anga, followed by non-metallic mineral products with 60 thousand, fabricated metal products with 50 thousand, food products and beverages with 30 thousand and only 10 thousand pa'anga for other transport equipment finally other manufacturing industries with 70 thousand.

Table 2.1d: Average production per production worker by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							, , ,
ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	23	26	28	35	32	30	27
24 Chemicals and chemical products	455	523	394	98	87	113	178
26 Non-metallic mineral products	15	27	28	34	48	46	57
28 Fabricated metal products	21	11	28	49	46	47	49
35 Other transport equipment	12	24	34	52	17	16	13
37 Other manufacturing industries	88	78	82	67	80	80	71
Total	22	24	29	31	29	28	28

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 include 17,18,19,20,22,29,30,31 and 36

In terms of island division, the value produced by production workers in Tongatapu was on average about 30 thousand pa'anga, followed by Vava'u with 20 thousand and 10 thousand for Ha'apai and 'Eua.

Table 2.1e: Average production per production worker by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							- +(/
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	23	27	31	33	30	30	30
2 Vava'u	20	18	24	21	30	15	21
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	7	7	8	7	8	7	10
Total	22	24	29	31	29	28	28

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Production worker in private sector produced an average production of 30 thousand pa'anga while government and quasi-government only produced 7 thousand, which is below the national average production.

Table 2.1f: Average production per production worker by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							ΤΨ(000)
Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	25	29	32	36	36	31	32
2&3 Government and quasi-government	7	7	11	8	6	8	7
Total	22	24	29	31	29	28	28

2.2 Employment level

The total number of production worker involved in manufacturing industries has increased by 1 percent from 1,000 number of production worker in 2001 compared to 1,010 in year 2002 with an increase of 4 percent on employment of food products and beverages plus other manufacturing industries with 13 percent.

In 2002, food products and beverages employed 540 (53%) of production worker, publishing and printing employed 110 (11%), manufacture of furniture employed 70-production worker (7%) and both wood and products of wood together with non-metallic mineral products employed 60 (6%) each and the remaining 17 percent worked for other manufacturing industries.

Table 2.2a: Number of manufacturing production workers by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Number ISIC division 15 Food products and beverages 20 Wood and products of wood 22 Publishing and printing 26 Non-metallic mineral products 36 Manufacture of furniture 37 Other manufacturing industries 1,001 1,010 **Total**

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 include 17,18,19,24,28,29,30,31 and 35

Tongatapu employed more than 880 production worker (87%) of the total production worker, Vava'u got 90 (9%) and only 40 production worker (4%) in Ha'apai and 'Eua.

Table 2.2b: Number of manufacturing production workers by Island division for 1996-2002

Number Island division 1 Tongatapu 2 Vava'u 3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua 1,001 1,010

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

There were 860 number of production worker (85%) worked for private sector and 150 (15%) employed by government and quasi-government.

Table 2.2c: Number of manufacturing production workers by institutional sector for 1996-2002

Number Institutional sector 1 Private 2&3 Government and quasi-government 1,010 1,001 Total

2.2 Wages and salaries

The average annual weekly wage rate paid to production worker in manufacturing sector has gone down by 1percent from 72 pa'anga per week in 2001 to 71 pa'anga in 2002. From table 2.3a below, it shows that weekly wage rate of non-metallic mineral products went down by 6 percent, fabricated metal products down by 10 percent, other transport equipment 20 percent and manufacture of furniture with 24 percent.

In year 2002, publishing and printing paid the highest weekly wage rate of 110 pa'anga, non-metallic mineral products paid 90 pa'anga, fabricated metal products paid 80 pa'anga while furniture paid 70 pa'anga and other transport equipment production worker earned more than 50 pa'anga per week. Other manufacturing industries paid an average weekly wages of 60 pa'anga.

Table 2.3a: Average weekly wage rate per production worker by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
22 Publishing and printing	51.00	77.00	86.00	87.00	99.00	107.00	108.00
26 Non-metallic mineral products	36.00	47.00	71.00	87.00	103.00	93.00	87.00
28 Fabricated metal products	62.00	78.00	84.00	79.00	75.00	85.00	76.00
35 Other transport equipment	84.00	102.00	70.00	92.00	73.00	68.00	54.00
36 Manufacture of furniture	64.00	56.00	64.00	54.00	99.00	98.00	74.00
37 Other manufacturing industries	53.00	54.00	56.00	59.00	54.00	62.00	64.00
Total	54.00	58.00	63.00	65.00	66.00	72.00	71.00

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 include 17,18,19,24,28,29,30,31 and 35

Production workers stationed in Tongatapu earned an average weekly wage rate of 74 pa'anga, then in Ha'apai and 'Eua 53 pa'anga and those in Vava'u 42 pa'anga.

Table 2.3b: Average weekly wage rate per production worker by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$

							ΤΨ
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	54.00	61.00	66.00	67.00	68.00	76.00	74.00
2 Vava'u	51.00	43.00	48.00	53.00	48.00	41.00	42.00
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	61.00	57.00	42.00	48.00	63.00	42.00	53.00
Total	54.00	58.00	63.00	65.00	66.00	72.00	71.00

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

By looking at sector level, government and quasi-government paid 95 pa'anga while private production worker earned only 66 pa'anga per week.

Table 2.3c: Average weekly wage rate per production worker by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$

							ΤΨ
Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	54.00	57.00	58.00	62.00	63.00	69.00	66.00
2&3 Government and quasi-government	55.00	67.00	91.00	76.00	75.00	85.00	95.00
Total	54.00	58.00	63.00	65.00	66.00	72.00	71.00

3. Statistical Tables

Table 3.1: Manufacturing production by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	9,819	10,640	11,325	14,886	14,239	15,795	14,593
17 Manufacture of textiles	152	104	135	185	278	346	285
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	267	383	214	224	250	338	668
19 Manufacture of leather products	343	227	221	106	82	70	0
20 Wood and products of wood	220	165	218	192	146	102	42
22 Publishing and printing	1,054	1,106	1,139	1,166	1,260	1,269	1,141
24 Chemicals and chemical products	3,640	4,187	4,733	5,406	4,263	2,949	4,616
26 Non-metallic mineral products	635	748	1,185	1,702	2,536	3,190	3,462
28 Fabricated metal products	918	471	751	1,505	1,459	1,640	1,682
35 Other transport equipment	197	268	341	354	244	220	236
36 Manufacture of furniture	863	835	594	739	917	1,570	1,530
37 Other manufacturing industries	127	94	133	97	153	142	115
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.2: Manufacturing production by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	16,065	17,049	18,885	24,386	22,749	26,136	26,104
2 Vava'u	1,902	1,901	1,729	1,857	2,776	1,226	1,841
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	265	277	377	319	302	268	425
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.3: Manufacturing production by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	17,263	18,199	19,725	25,237	24,567	26,342	27,328
2&3 Government and quasi-government	970	1,028	1,265	1,325	1,260	1,289	1,043
Total	18,233	19,227	20,990	26,562	25,827	27,631	28,371

Table 3.4: Percentage distribution of manufacturing production by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Percentages

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	53.9	55.3	54.0	56.0	55.1	57.2	51.4
17 Manufacture of textiles	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.1	1.3	1.0
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.2	2.4
19 Manufacture of leather products	1.9	1.2	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.0
20 Wood and products of wood	1.2	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.1
22 Publishing and printing	5.8	5.8	5.4	4.4	4.9	4.6	4.0
24 Chemicals and chemical products	20.0	21.8	22.5	20.4	16.5	10.7	16.3
26 Non-metallic mineral products	3.5	3.9	5.6	6.4	9.8	11.5	12.2
28 Fabricated metal products	5.0	2.5	3.6	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.9
35 Other transport equipment	1.1	1.4	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.8
36 Manufacture of furniture	4.7	4.3	2.8	2.8	3.5	5.7	5.4
37 Other manufacturing industries	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.5: Percentage distribution of manufacturing production by Island division for 1996-2002

Percentages

							Joinagee
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	88.1	88.7	90.0	91.8	88.1	94.6	92.0
2 Vava'u	10.4	9.9	8.2	7.0	10.7	4.4	6.5
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.6: Percentage distribution of manufacturing production by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Percentages

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	94.7	94.7	94.0	95.0	95.1	95.3	96.3
2&3 Government and quasi-government	5.3	5.3	6.0	5.0	4.9	4.7	3.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.7: Average production per establishment by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	200	220	230	300	280	310	250
17 Manufacture of textiles	40	20	30	40	70	90	70
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	20	30	20	20	20	30	60
19 Manufacture of leather products	90	60	70	40	40	40	0
20 Wood and products of wood	60	40	60	50	40	20	10
22 Publishing and printing	260	370	380	400	420	420	380
24 Chemicals and chemical products	1,820	1,400	1,580	1,350	850	740	1,150
26 Non-metallic mineral products	90	110	170	240	320	460	490
28 Fabricated metal products	100	50	90	190	210	230	240
35 Other transport equipment	50	90	110	120	80	70	80
36 Manufacture of furniture	60	50	40	50	60	100	100
37 Other manufacturing industries	40	30	40	50	50	50	30
Total	160	160	180	230	220	240	230

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.8: Average production per establishment by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

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Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	190	200	220	290	280	320	320
2 Vava'u	80	90	90	90	120	60	60
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	40	30	40	30	30	20	40
Total	160	160	180	230	220	240	230

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.9: Average production per establishment by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	160	170	180	230	230	240	240
2&3 Government and quasi-government	120	130	180	190	180	220	170
Total	160	160	180	230	220	240	230

Table 3.10: Average production per production worker by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	23	26	28	35	32	30	27
17 Manufacture of textiles	12	6	9	10	21	19	8
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	8	20	13	11	10	11	20
19 Manufacture of leather products	24	15	15	8	7	6	0
20 Wood and products of wood	3	2	9	3	2	1	1
22 Publishing and printing	9	11	12	10	12	12	11
24 Chemicals and chemical products	455	523	394	98	87	113	178
26 Non-metallic mineral products	15	27	28	34	48	42	57
28 Fabricated metal products	21	11	28	49	46	47	49
35 Other transport equipment	12	24	34	52	17	16	13
36 Manufacture of furniture	21	18	12	13	20	23	20
37 Other manufacturing industries	11	6	13	12	8	8	11
Total	22	24	29	31	29	27	28

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.11: Average production per production worker by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

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Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	23	27	31	33	30	29	30
2 Vava'u	20	18	24	21	30	15	21
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	7	7	8	7	8	7	10
Total	22	24	29	31	29	27	28

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.12: Average production per production worker by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

							, (/
Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	25	29	32	36	36	31	32
2&3 Government and quasi-government	7	7	11	8	6	8	7
Total	22	24	29	31	29	27	28

Table 3.13: Manufacturing employment by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Number

							IVUITIDEI
ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	604	611	627	623	595	656	665
17 Manufacture of textiles	25	22	28	25	23	23	40
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	58	48	40	41	49	49	55
19 Manufacture of leather products	22	24	22	18	14	14	14
20 Wood and products of wood	71	84	76	77	84	80	77
22 Publishing and printing	133	111	119	116	114	109	109
24 Chemicals and chemical products	12	15	19	61	58	31	29
26 Non-metallic mineral products	47	54	74	72	76	71	70
28 Fabricated metal products	46	53	32	39	36	37	37
35 Other transport equipment	21	13	11	10	19	15	19
36 Manufacture of furniture	80	94	87	86	87	83	90
37 Other manufacturing industries	16	19	14	11	20	20	14
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.14: Manufacturing employment by Island division for 1996-2002

Number

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	850	866	900	946	957	990	1,013
2 Vava'u	210	195	150	138	135	121	126
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	74	87	98	95	83	77	80
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.15: Manufacturing employment by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Number

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	971	970	973	992	967	1,029	1,064
2&3 Government and quasi-government	163	178	175	187	208	159	155
Total	1,134	1,148	1,148	1,179	1,175	1,188	1,219

Table 3.16: Percentage distribution of manufacturing employment by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Percentages

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	53.3	53.2	54.6	52.8	50.6	55.2	54.6
17 Manufacture of textiles	2.2	1.9	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.9	3.3
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	5.1	4.2	3.5	3.5	4.2	4.1	4.5
19 Manufacture of leather products	1.9	2.1	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.1
20 Wood and products of wood	6.3	7.3	6.6	6.5	7.1	6.7	6.3
22 Publishing and printing	11.7	9.7	10.4	9.8	9.7	9.2	8.9
24 Chemicals and chemical products	1.1	1.3	1.6	5.2	4.9	2.6	2.4
26 Non-metallic mineral products	4.1	4.7	6.4	6.1	6.5	6.0	5.7
28 Fabricated metal products	4.1	4.6	2.8	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.0
35 Other transport equipment	1.9	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.6	1.3	1.6
36 Manufacture of furniture	7.1	8.2	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.0	7.4
37 Other manufacturing industries	1.4	1.7	1.2	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.17: Percentage distribution of manufacturing employment by Island division for 1996-2002

Percentages

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Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	75.0	75.4	78.4	80.2	81.4	83.3	83.1
2 Vava'u	18.5	17.0	13.1	11.7	11.5	10.2	10.3
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	6.5	7.6	8.5	8.1	7.1	6.5	6.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.18: Percentage distribution of manufacturing employment by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Percentages

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Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	85.6	84.5	84.8	84.1	82.3	86.6	87.3
2&3 Government and quasi-government	14.4	15.5	15.2	15.9	17.7	13.4	12.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.19: Number of manufacturing production workers by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Number ISIC division 15 Food products and beverages 17 Manufacture of textiles 18 Manufacture of wearing apparel 19 Manufacture of leather products 20 Wood and products of wood 22 Publishing and printing 24 Chemicals and chemical products 26 Non-metallic mineral products 28 Fabricated metal products 35 Other transport equipment 36 Manufature of furniture 37 Other manufacturing industries 1,001 1,010 Total

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.20: Number of manufacturing production workers by Island division for 1996-2002

							Number
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	699	640	613	735	762	879	882
2 Vava'u	97	104	72	90	93	81	86
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	37	41	46	45	38	41	42
Total	833	785	731	870	893	1,001	1,010

Table 3.21: Number of manufacturing production workers by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

							Number
Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	690	635	618	700	691	839	855
2&3 Government and quasi-government	143	150	113	170	202	162	155
Total	833	785	731	870	893	1,001	1,010

Table 3.22: Manufacturing wages and salaries by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	1,797	1,718	1,849	1,996	1,682	2,238	2,296
17 Manufacture of textiles	70	94	32	45	51	57	114
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	98	83	81	89	115	109	142
19 Manufacture of leather products	86	86	83	51	42	44	44
20 Wood and products of wood	210	208	243	288	279	230	274
22 Publishing and printing	447	496	504	540	609	642	648
24 Chemicals and chemical products	88	89	144	220	163	128	132
26 Non-metallic mineral products	105	124	215	297	381	342	337
28 Fabricated metal products	143	181	131	145	134	172	144
35 Other transport equipment	76	63	41	37	65	52	54
36 Manufacture of furniture	240	261	301	272	414	490	390
37 Other manufacturing industries	65	47	48	43	96	100	66
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.23: Manufacturing wages and salaries by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	2,915	2,989	3,262	3,569	3,616	4,253	4,225
2 Vava'u	379	320	292	316	283	257	295
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	131	141	119	137	133	95	121
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.24: Manufacturing wages and salaries by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

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Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	2,872	2,828	2,978	3,249	3,196	3,886	3,879
2&3 Government and quasi-government	553	622	695	774	835	719	763
Total	3,425	3,450	3,673	4,023	4,031	4,604	4,642

Table 3.25: Percentage distribution of manufacturing wages and salaries by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Percentages

ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	52.5	49.8	50.3	49.6	41.7	48.6	49.5
17 Manufacture of textiles	2.0	2.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.2	2.5
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	2.9	2.4	2.2	2.2	2.9	2.4	3.1
19 Manufacture of leather products	2.5	2.5	2.3	1.3	1.0	1.0	0.9
20 Wood and products of wood	6.1	6.0	6.6	7.2	6.9	5.0	5.9
22 Publishing and printing	13.0	14.4	13.7	13.4	15.1	14.0	14.0
24 Chemicals and chemical products	2.6	2.6	3.9	5.5	4.0	2.8	2.8
26 Non-metallic mineral products	3.1	3.6	5.9	7.4	9.4	7.4	7.3
28 Fabricated metal products	4.2	5.3	3.6	3.6	3.3	3.7	3.1
35 Other transport equipment	2.2	1.8	1.1	0.9	1.6	1.1	1.2
36 Manufacture of furniture	7.0	7.6	8.2	6.8	10.3	10.6	8.4
37 Other manufacturing industries	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.1	2.4	2.2	1.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.26: Percentage distribution of manufacturing wages and salaries by Island division for 1996-2002

Percentages

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Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	85.1	86.6	88.8	88.7	89.7	92.4	91.0
2 Vava'u	11.1	9.3	7.9	7.9	7.0	5.6	6.4
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	3.8	4.1	3.2	3.4	3.3	2.1	2.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.27: Percentage distribution of manufacturing wages and salaries by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Percentages

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Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	83.8	82.0	81.1	80.8	79.3	84.4	83.6
2&3 Government and quasi-government	16.2	18.0	18.9	19.2	20.7	15.6	16.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.28: Wages and salaries of production workers by ISIC division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

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ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	1,217	1,171	1,200	1,341	1,252	1,739	1,770
17 Manufacture of textiles	46	69	21	37	34	57	114
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	57	33	44	51	65	79	88
19 Manufacture of leather products	41	30	38	21	16	17	17
20 Wood and products of wood	173	182	106	235	279	230	274
22 Publishing and printing	300	405	438	506	541	588	593
24 Chemicals and chemical products	21	22	31	166	98	68	75
26 Non-metallic mineral products	78	69	156	226	285	339	277
28 Fabricated metal products	141	179	118	127	125	155	134
35 Other transport equipment	74	58	36	33	53	49	51
36 Manufacture of furniture	140	138	171	159	242	347	288
37 Other manufacturing industries	40	35	34	33	69	74	27
Total	2,326	2,390	2,393	2,934	3,059	3,742	3,709

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.29: Wages and salaries of production workers by Island division for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	1,950	2,037	2,113	2,575	2,702	3,478	3,405
2 Vava'u	259	232	178	247	232	175	188
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	117	121	102	112	124	89	116
Total	2,326	2,390	2,393	2,934	3,059	3,742	3,709

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.30: Wages and salaries of production workers by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

T\$('000)

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	1,920	1,870	1,860	2,259	2,270	3,023	2,946
2&3 Government and quasi-government	407	520	533	675	789	719	763
Total	2,326	2,390	2,393	2,934	3,059	3,742	3,709

Table 3.31: Average weekly wage rate for production worker by ISIC division 1996-2002

T\$ ISIC division 15 Food products and beverages 17 Manufacture of textiles 18 Manufacture of wearing apparel 19 Manufacture of leather products 20 Wood and products of wood 22 Publishing and printing 24 Chemicals and chemical products 26 Non-metallic mineral products 28 Fabricated metal products 35 Other transport equipment 36 Manufacture of furniture 37 Other manufacturing industries Total

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31.

Table 3.32: Average weekly wage rate for production worker by Island division 1996-2002

T\$

Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	54	61	66	67	68	76	74
2 Vava'u	51	43	48	53	48	41	42
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	61	57	42	48	63	42	53
Total	54	58	63	65	66	72	71

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.33: Average weekly wage rate for production worker by Institutional sector 1996-2002

T\$

							.Ψ
Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	54	57	58	62	63	69	66
2&3 Government and quasi-government	55	67	91	76	75	85	95
Total	54	58	63	65	66	72	71

Table 3.34: Number of manufacturing establishments by ISIC division for 1996-2002

Number

							number
ISIC division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
15 Food products and beverages	49	48	49	50	50	51	59
17 Manufacture of textiles	4	5	5	5	4	4	4
18 Manufacture of wearing apparel	11	12	11	11	10	11	12
19 Manufacture of leather products	4	4	3	3	2	2	2
20 Wood and products of wood	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
22 Publishing and printing	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
24 Chemicals and chemical products	2	3	3	4	5	4	4
26 Non-metallic mineral products	7	7	7	7	8	7	7
28 Fabricated metal products	9	9	8	8	7	7	7
35 Other transport equipment	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
36 Manufacture of furniture	15	16	16	15	16	16	15
37 Other manufacturing industries	3	3	3	2	3	3	2
Total	116	117	115	115	115	115	122

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept. Note: ISIC 37 includes 29,30 and 31

Table 3.35: Number of manufacturing establishments by Island division for 1996-2002

Number

							vurriber
Island division	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Tongatapu	84	85	85	83	82	82	82
2 Vava'u	25	22	20	21	23	22	29
3&4 Ha'apai & 'Eua	7	10	10	11	10	11	11
Total	116	117	115	115	115	115	122

Source: Manufacturing survey, Statistics Dept.

Table 3.36: Number of manufacturing establishments by Institutional sector for 1996-2002

Number

Institutional sector	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1 Private	108	109	108	108	108	109	116
2&3 Government and quasi-government	8	9	7	7	7	6	6
Total	116	117	115	115	115	115	122

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QUARTERLY SURVEY OF MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES/SALARIES "INFORMATION BEING COLLECTED UNDER SECTION 8(3) OF STATISTICS ACT 1978 (ACT No. 31)"

							⊏:	stablish		
QUARTER:							Ту	pe of C	Organisation	
							IS	IC Cod	le	
1. Name and Address:							Is	land div	vision	
of Establishment										
PRODUCTION	Product	QUARTER:								
. NODOGNON	Code	Unit	Month:		Month	1:			Month:	
	(Office	Of	WOTH.	(T\$)	William		(T\$)		VIOTICII.	(T\$)
2.1 Main Products	Use)	Measurement	Quantity	Value	Qua	ntity	Value		Quantity	Value
a.										
b.										
c.										
d.										
2.2 Other than main products										
2.3 Receipts for work done for others										
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
TOTAL										
TOTAL Comments: 3. EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES/SAI		QUART								
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Comments: 3. EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES/SAI		QUART Month:	ER:	Mon		Sa	iges & laries d (T\$)	Montl	h: No.	Wages & Salaries Paid (T\$
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Comments: 3. EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES/SAI	_ARIES	QUART Month: Sex 1 M	ER: Wage Sala No. Paid	Mon s & ies T\$) Sex 4	th:	Sa	laries d (T\$)	Sex 7	No.	Salaries Paid (T\$
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3.1 Category of Employees: a. Working Proprietors and Active P b. Production Workers: 1. Regular/Full-time 2. Part-time/Casual/Daily Paid c. Unpaid Family Workers d. All Other Employees Total Male Total Female	_ARIES	QUART Month: Sex 1 M F M F M F M F M F	ER: Wage Sala No. Paid	Mon S & ies T\$) Sex 4 M F M M	th:	Sa	laries d (T\$)	Sex 7 M F M F M F M F M F	No.	Salaries Paid (T\$
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Date: ____/___/

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